



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

November 9, 1900

Yellow fever in Havana in October, 1900.

[Cablegram.]

HAVANA, CUBA, November 2, 1900.

* * * Yellow fever in Havana for October, 308 cases and 74 deaths officially reported. Sixteen new cases and 1 death November 1.

GLENNAN.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Inspection of immigrants at Havana, Cuba, during the week ended October 27, 1900.

HAVANA, CUBA, October 27, 1900.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended October 27, 1900:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Oct. 21	Steamship Ytiaka	Tampico	1
Oct. 22	Steamship Vigilancia	Campeche, Vera Cruz, Progreso	15
Oct. 23	Steamship Whitney	New Orleans	1
Oct. 24	Steamship Mexico	New York	22
Oct. 27	Steamship Mascotte	Tampa	1
	Total		40

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN,
Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, October 31, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended October 27, 1900:

Matanzas.—Nine deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 10.37 per 1,000. For a city of the size of Matanzas, this is a remarkably low death rate, and, in fact, the lowest since the establishment of this office, and also probably for many years past. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Heart disease, 2; tetanus, 2; tuberculosis, 1; enteritis, 1; other causes, 3. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. Four vessels were inspected and passed on arrival. Three bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. Forty-seven health certificates were issued to persons leaving the island, and five immune certificates issued to laborers employed by the Munson boats for discharging cargoes on the north coast of the island. Thirty pieces of baggage were inspected and passed, and 19 pieces were disinfected.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 11 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week. The principal causes of death were as follows: Tuberculosis, 4; heart disease, 2; malarial fever, 1; nephritis, 1; other causes, 3. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. The death-rate during the week was 23.10 per 1,000. Nine vessels arrived during the week, 3 of these were